GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

rupted the speaker to say: "So far as I am cerned, I accept the explanation fully," and

than Dr. Page arose and asked for a similar In denying the story that he was Dr. Page said that it was a great thing

would sooner cut off my right hand than enter into any conspiracy against the interests of the are well-known in the South. Westmore and has

saying, with a smile: "Having cleared the sky from the cloud coming up from the storm centre. let us now proceed with the business of the morning." (Continued applause.)

Dr. Booth did not seem much disturbed by the letter, although he said to The Tribune correspondent that it did not seem quite courteous for a man not a member of the body to try to influence votes in this manner. So far as his ruling in the Presbytery of New-York was concerned, as Mr. Gilman was not a member of that body it did not become him to criticise those actions, either; that was a matter which concerned the members of the New-York Presbytery, and he was willing to stand by the rulings which he had

Moderator, said the publication of the circular was another warning to men not to write letters. He said he would rather walk miles than to write five lines. "What you say," the Doctor said, "the law allows you to interpret, but what you write must be interpreted by the laws of language, its grammar and logic. I have advised my friends not to pay any attention to the Gilman letter. The trouble with Mr. Gilman is that he lives in the atmosphere of Briggsism, breathes nothing else and is hypnotized by it. It is unfortunate that he has involved some of his friends. Dr. Briggs has much learning, but little logic, and he has tired those who supported him in the past. Some of his friends are wishing to get rid of him. If he had less learning and more logic he would have

less trouble." The Rev. E. R. Donahoo, of this city, who is chairman of the Committee on Information, talked about the circular. He said: "There was no combined effort to elect Dr. Booth Moderator. The letter will receive no attention. Dr. Briggs has driven many friends from him by his dictatorial manner. He thinks he is right, and will not permit even his .nost intimate supporters to have an opinion. He says he is right, and that they must follow. Many supported him because they admired his scholarly attainments, not that

they admired his scholarly attainments, not that they were in sympathy with his views. I did not receive one of the Gliman letters, but before the election of Dr. Booth I heard something about a quiet scheme being worked that would defeat him. There have been such spurts in the past, but they will never amount to much. Dr. Booth was the Choice of the people in this city."

The speakers to-day included ex-Governor Beaver, Dr. Monifort, of Chridmanti; President Thompson, of Maxni University, and President Knox, of the German Seminary, in Bloomfield, N. J., and Professor Zenos, of the McCormick Seminary. Chicago—the first two in favor of the proposed control and the last three against it. The resolutions proposed by the committee, which were adopted, are as follows:



The portrait of Rear-Admiral Meade prinfed about d with the kind permission of Messes. Harper

THEIR SOUTHERN BLOOD AROUSED.

LAND KEPT BUSY AVERTING A DUEL.

just retired from the presidency of the Georgia Medical Society and Rountree is a lawyer, and has The two met in Abbey's, but friends interfered and the men left the theatre. Rountree called out to Westmoreland: 'I will be at my hotel until Monday hight. This affair can be settled between

LA GASCOGNE AGAIN BEHIND TIME.

THE SHIP IN GOOD HANDS STEERAGE PASSEN GERS ON THE PULDA PASSED QUARAN.

TINE IN THE EVENING. There were no signs of the French steamship La Gascogne in this puri up to a late hour last night. She left Havre at noon on Saturday, May II, with 50t passengers on board, Of these fifty are in the first cabin, forty-four in the second and 10 in the steerage. The crew, all told, numbers 210 La Gascogne was expected here last Saturday afternoon, and should certainly have been in on Sunday morning. People are beginning to wonder if she is going to give every one a scare as she did last February. On that occasion she left Havre on January 26 and it was not until February II that she was sighted off Fire Island. She had on board then 372 people, of whom 162 were passengers Agent Forget when seen vesterday said he was port on the last occasion when she was in difficulty,

was still in command, and he thought that she might be heard of at any moment.

La Gascogne was overhauled last fail at St. Nazaire, having had her two old boilers replaced by new ones, and certain additions made to the machinery which were enleulated to make her a sevenday boat.

TO TEST NEW-JERSEY LAWS.

ACTIONS BEOUGHT BY A LAY JUDGE AND A CAN-DIDATE FOR CITIZENSHIP.

Trenton, May 29 (Special).-The first move made to-day in the attempt of the sixty-two Democratic lay and county judges of the twenty-one berths and deal out justice, tempered with Demo-eratic politics. Collins & Corbin, representing Lay Judge Hermann Schalk, of Essex County, filed a rule to show cause, directed to County Clerk James T. Wrightson, of Essex, requiring the Clerk to apshow why he should not "disregard the existence of the Voorhees Elective Judiciary law, which was passed on March H. The action is an attack upon the constitution. the constitutionality of the law. The act divests the Governor of the power to appoint the judges of the county courts, and provides that after November next the office of lay judge shall be abourshed

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 21, 1895.-FOURTEEN PAGES.

OVERWHELMING VOTE IN THE HIS REQUEST FOR RETIREMENT GRANT- PLANS OF THE CUBAN INSURGENTS AND PLEASED TO HEAR OF THE INCOME TAX

GENERAL DE QUESADA.

has been set upon his head by the Spanish Gov- | decision of the Court?"

HEROIC ACT OF A EICYCLIST.

toward the solewalk. The New-Yorker was dragged along the street for some distance before he succeeded in stopping the horses. The young man escaped blury, as aid also the children. The horses belonged to the Knueger livewing Company. Charles Reiss was exceeding them in West Kinney-si, and could not control the animals. The horse he was thing plunged and threw the rider to the ground.

THE SHOT BELIEVED TO BE FATAL,

A JEALOUS ITALIAN HUSBAND SPENDS THE EVENING PLEASANTLY WITH A COUN-TRYMAN, AND THEN SENDS A BUL-LET INTO HIS BACK.

Andrea Degerlietmo, an Italian, living in Hurlbut-st. Orange, was fatally shot, it is believed, late on Sunday night by Sarapino Officro. Jealousy was officro's wife some time ago, but later the woman returned. On Sunday night Degerlietmo went to returned. On Sunday night Degeriletmo went to
the house and spent the evening with
the husband and wife on apparently good
terms with both. When he left there to
go home Offlero followed him to the door,
and just as he reached the street drew a pistol and
fired. The ball entered the back close to the spine.

The victim was taken to the Memorial Hospital,
where he lies in a dying condition with his left side
entirely paralyzed. Offlero fiel and has not been
arrested.

BREAKS IN THE PROVIDENCE STRIKE.

Providence, May 20.—The Geneva Worsted Mills, at the north end of Providence, which have been closed by a strike of weavers for five weeks, were started up this morning with a few men at work, and there was an outbreak reaching almost the dimensions of a riot. Maurice S. Ulmann, Senator from North Providence, owns these mills, There was a break at the Atlantic Mills, in Olneyville, this morning, where the hands have been lacked out for six weeks. About 29 operatives for

WHERE IS E. CARTER, JUS

D. C. Farley, of No. 1,469 Broadway, Brooklyn, renewspaper of an E. Carter, Jr., who had registered at one of the hotels in this city.

Mr. Farley said last night that Carter was about

caucity where they are now, in the hands of the various Boards of Trustees, and with the further purpose of securing the veto power to the Assembly purpose of securing the veto power to the Assembly purpose of securing the veto power to the Assembly stitutional way for the election of Common Pleas are theing declared unconstitutional by the Court.

The first case to test the validity of the remains the strictive features of the strictive

DECISION.

"What do you think will be the result of

"Good. I mean by that statement that it will as it stood after the last action of the Suprem

GOOD REASON FOR THE CHANGE.

probability he would attend the memorial exerclses at Grant's Tomb, to be held on May 20 Should be do this, he will meet there Governor McKinley, of Ohlo, who has consented to make an address at the exercises, and Governor Morton, who has also declared his intention of being present. Thus three candidates for the Republican nomination for President in 1895 may meet at the tomb of the dead warrior.

A MEETING WITH MR. PLATT.

The first meeting between General Harrison and Thomas C. Platt took place yesterday. Although General Harrison and Mr. Platt have been in the rame hotel since last Thursday, neither made any overtures toward a meeting. They met yesterday by accident, and, from all that could be seen, the meeting was a cordial one. Mr. Platt, so it is understood, has shown a preference for Thomas It. Reed in the race for the Presidential nomina-tion to 1997.

If. Reed in the race for the Presidential nomina-tion in 1896.
What took place at the meeting between the two is of course not known. General Harrison invited Mr. Platt to his room, and the interview lasted about a half-hour. At the close of the talk both men said that it was merely a social conversation and that polities was left entirely out of it. General Harrison dined last evening at the Union League Club, with General Horace Porter and General C. H. T. Collis. At least, he left word with some friends at the hotel that he was going there. At the club the attendants declared that he was not there. He was not at the hotel all the evening.

THEFT OF A QUANTITY OF SHOES. The front show window of the Crawford shoe

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Boffalo, May 20.—The Committee on Streets to-day reported to the Board of Aldermen in favor of giving the street-eleaning contract to Cooper & Hopkins, of Chicago, at their bid of \$12.821. Cooper & Hopkins hold the present contract which expires on June 1

expires on June 1

Yuia, Ariz, May 20.—New York and Denver parties have purchased eight large gold mines on the Colorado River at Ficabo. Four of these are in the White Gold basin, and four are in the Ficabo basin. The purchasers are directly interested in the new proposed San Diego, Yuma and Utah Railway to be built up on the west bank of the Colorado. The property will be developed at once.

St. Paul. Minn., May 20. Gustav Stapf, city treasurer of South St. Paul and candidate for reclection, was bitten by a dog, which, it has recently developed, was mad. His wound was cauterized, and he left here to-day for Chicago to be treated at the Pasteur Institute. He has not, as yet, shown any symptoms of madness. John Barrios, bitten by the same dog, is dying of hydropholia.

INCOME TAX FINALLY KILLED

SETTLED BY A VOTE OF FIVE TO FOUR IN THE SUPREME COURT.

JUSTICE SHIRAS CHANGES HIS MIND

THIS TAKES FROM JUSTICE JACKSON THE DE-IN FAVOR OF THE LAW-DISSENTING

Washington, May 20.-In the Supreme Court of the United States to-day the Income Tax law, en-

the past, and the ruling of the Court | Britain, who carried his right arm in a sling to

Associate Justice Shiras demurred from the bethe decree pronounced on April 8 was based, and that he did not regard either his own conclusions or the imperfect judgment of the Court as final or decisive. If a layman could venture an opinion after hearing the decision of the Cour; read to-day it might be to the effect that more bestowed upon the case since April 8 than before though distinct, utterance, and, aithough there was not an instant's pause in his delivery today, the reading of the opinion occupied exactly fifty-one minutes. He began as soon as the Court was formally opened, and from that time until the last word of the decision had been pronounced he was listened to with the closest and most earnest attention.

It is true, however, that Associate Justice Harlan, who was deeply attentive, showed slight signs of restiveness if not impatience as the casional raising of cycbrows or other manifesta-Field, who to-day completed his thirty-second year of service as a member of the Court, and who had come in leaning heavily on a cane, leaned back in his chair contentedly, and the firmly set, and he evidently realized the weight of responsibility that rested on him. Associate Justice Jackson, who appeared to be somewhat more feeble than when he came to Washington and took his place on the bench a formight ago, listened attentively to the decision of the Court as it was read by the Chief Justice, but he often nervously fingered the pages of the dissenting opinion which lay before him, and his keen glances occasionally swept over the court-

No sooner had the Chief Justice finished than Associate Justice Harlan, who sat at his left, about an hour's time, and spoke with an earnestleaned forward and began to read in his deep, strong, resonant voice a dissenting opinion. As he proceeded his tones grew louder and his sentences were emphasized by gestures such as an advocate in his earnestness frequently employs in an argument before a court or jury. Several times he turned in his chair so as to face the Chief

CHURCH CONTROL ASSURED. ADMIRAL MEADE REBUKED. TO PROCLAIM A REPUBLIC. GEN. HARRISON SAYS "GOOD." THE WHOLE LAW INVALID. whom he fairly glared as he shot forth sentences laden with feeling such as probably never before

PRICE THREE CENTS.

ound expression from an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in a dissenting opinion. Old lawyers who had practised at that tribuhal for more the Constitution" was mercilessly dissected, and the consequences that might follow its adoption and practical application were outlined with a severity and an earnestness that evidently produced

JUSTICE HARLAN PESSIMISTIC. The Associate Justice repeatedly spoke of the

judgment of the Court as that of "a bare majority" in a manner that indicated the slight respect that it might fatally impair the National authority at a time when the exercise of that authority special emphasis upon and criticised with unsparmight result. He declared that any attempt to

records of the legislative branch of the Govern-ment did not sustain this theory, and he sug-gested that if these provisions were inoperative and void every provision of the same act affecting

head bowed to the storm of dissent that rage

procession was Associate Justice Jackson, who was surposed to be absent from Washington, and whose unexpected return this morning is said to have been a surpose even to some members of the Court. The reason for his presence was disclored later, when he read in tones that were mandible at the distance of a few feet an opinion dissenting from the judgment of the majority of the Court. Gossip says that his views were known to at least one member of the Court who was in favor of sustaining the law prior to the "indecisive decision" of April 8, and that the reheating hinced upon the expectation that his presence would give the prepanderance of opinion to that side. The contrary result was undoubtedly a disappointment to the members of the Caurt who believed that the law was constitutional and some trace of that feeling seemed to appear while Associate Justice Harlan was delivering his dissenting opinion to-day.

And yet, all things considered, it would seem as though the result should not have surprised, however much it might have disappointed, those members of the Court whose opinion was strong that the law was constitutional and ought to be sustained. There is good reason to believe that Associate Justice Harlan such as the first and some trace of the few and and ought to be sustained. There is good reason to believe that Associate Justice Harlan was delivering his dissenting opinion to-day.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL. OPINIONS BY CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER AND ASSO-CIATE JUSTICES HARLAN, JACKSON, BROWN AND WHITE.

Washington, May 20.-The interest attaching to all proceedings in connection with the incometax case was again manifested this morning, when the Supreme Court room was crowded under the belief that the final judgment of the Court would be announced. This interest was just a few moments before the Court convened that Associate Justice Jackson had returned to Washington, and would sit on the bench while the opinion was being delivered. This was altogether a surprise, and his coming had been so skiifully concealed that his appearance was necessary to convince some people of its truth. He did not go home, as stated, but spent the week in Philadelphia in consultation with a physician. When the Justices came in, and were formally announced by the orier, they were greeted by a distinguished array of counsel withreading proceeded, and that there was an oc- in the bar and a throng of spectators in the portion of the chamber set aside for the purpose. tion of surprise by the counsel on behalf of the A2 on previous similar occasions, a large pro-Government. The venerable Associate Justice portion of the visitors were ladies. The Attorney-Gereral and his full staff of assistants, including Solicitor-General Holmes Conrad, occupled their reserved seats, and at their right was James C. Carter, of New-York, who argued countenance of big Associate Justice Gray, who the cases originally with the Attorney-General sat beside him, beamed with approval. The feat- in behalf of the law. Nearby were the Controller ures of Associate Justice Shiras, whose left-hand of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Commissioner neighbor was Associate Justice White, were Miller and other officials. There were also present a number of Senators and Representatives.

THE WHOLE LAW VOID. When the Justices took their seats it was observed that the Chief Justice had an unusually large bundle of manuscript in his hands, but nothing was thought of this, as a score or more of opinions were expected. But immediately there was a sensation, for, ignoring an almost unbroken rule, which reserves the announcement of opinions by the Chief Justice to the last, Justice Fuller plunged at once into the incomtax cases. He read his opinion in full, occupying ness that manifested the depth of the feeling expressed in the opening sentences of the opinion.

The conclusions of the Court were as follows: First—We adhere to the opinion aiready announced that taxes on real estate being undisputed direct taxes, taxes on the rents or income of real estate are equally direct taxes.

Second—We are of opinion that taxes on personal